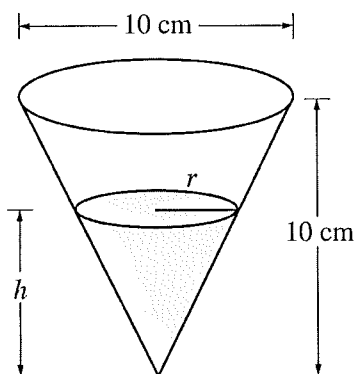


2002 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS AB FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

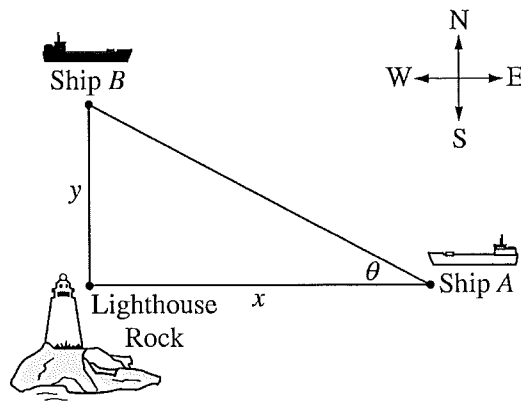


5. A container has the shape of an open right circular cone, as shown in the figure above. The height of the container is 10 cm and the diameter of the opening is 10 cm. Water in the container is evaporating so that its depth  $h$  is changing at the constant rate of  $\frac{-3}{10}$  cm/hr.

(Note: The volume of a cone of height  $h$  and radius  $r$  is given by  $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ .)

- (a) Find the volume  $V$  of water in the container when  $h = 5$  cm. Indicate units of measure.
  - (b) Find the rate of change of the volume of water in the container, with respect to time, when  $h = 5$  cm. Indicate units of measure.
  - (c) Show that the rate of change of the volume of water in the container due to evaporation is directly proportional to the exposed surface area of the water. What is the constant of proportionality?
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6. Ship  $A$  is traveling due west toward Lighthouse Rock at a speed of 15 kilometers per hour (km/hr). Ship  $B$  is traveling due north away from Lighthouse Rock at a speed of 10 km/hr. Let  $x$  be the distance between Ship  $A$  and Lighthouse Rock at time  $t$ , and let  $y$  be the distance between Ship  $B$  and Lighthouse Rock at time  $t$ , as shown in the figure above.
- (a) Find the distance, in kilometers, between Ship  $A$  and Ship  $B$  when  $x = 4$  km and  $y = 3$  km.
- (b) Find the rate of change, in km/hr, of the distance between the two ships when  $x = 4$  km and  $y = 3$  km.
- (c) Let  $\theta$  be the angle shown in the figure. Find the rate of change of  $\theta$ , in radians per hour, when  $x = 4$  km and  $y = 3$  km.
- 

END OF EXAMINATION

1998 AP Calculus AB Free-Response Questions

6. Consider the curve defined by  $2y^3 + 6x^2y - 12x^2 + 6y = 1$ .
- (a) Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4x - 2xy}{x^2 + y^2 + 1}$ .
  - (b) Write an equation of each horizontal tangent line to the curve.
  - (c) The line through the origin with slope  $-1$  is tangent to the curve at point  $P$ . Find the  $x$ - and  $y$ -coordinates of point  $P$ .
- 

END OF EXAMINATION