## Arithmetic Sequences

f(x) = mx + b

IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS:

SEQUENCE: A Set of numbers (terms) often containing a patter N Example: 2, 6, 10, 14

TERM: the numbers in the sequence

What is the first term in the sequence? 2

What is the third term in the sequence?

What is the ZERO term in the sequence?  $\underline{-2}$ 

COMMON DIFFERENCE: The difference between the terms is the same.

(The amounteach term increases or decreases.)

The variable used is  $\bigcirc$ 

FUNCTION RULE: Arithmetic Sequences

Starting value

y-intercept

common differenciope

ARITHMETIC SEQUENCE: When the Common difference tween chance

CONSECUTIVE terms is the Same

 $\begin{array}{c|cccc}
c.) & x & y \\
& -1 & -4 \\
\hline
0 & -9 \\
\hline
1 & -14 \\
\hline
2 & -19
\end{array}$ 

Next 3 Terms = 29, 39

Write the FUNCTION RULE (equation)

for the sequence.

ind the 28th term.  $F(y) = -5\chi - 9$ 

d.) 1, 3, 9, 27.... d = NONE

When there is no common difference it is No an arithmetic sequence.

Looking at the function...

a) 
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{5}x + 62$$

What is the ZERO term?

What is the COMMON DIFFERENCE?

Next 3 terms 6145, 6135, 6135

62.4 6/8

## Real Life Application:

1. Suppose a cell phone service charges a base rate of \$20 per month and \$0.25 per minute for each call.

a) Write a FUNCTION RULE (equation) for this situation.

b) If you talked for 55 minutes last month, how much would you be changed in the state of the st (without taxes)?

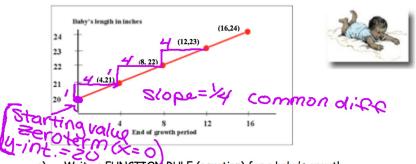
0.25(55)+20

b) y = 14x + 0.95

What is the COMMON DIFFERENCE?

Find the FIRST 3 terms. 13.05, 27.05 41.05

2. Babies grow really quickly. This graph compares a baby's growth period in months (x) to its length in inches (y).



Write a FUNCTION RULE (equation) for a baby's growth.

 $f(x) = \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{$